POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Bifenthrin 100 SC

Insecticide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 100 g/L BIFENTHRIN

GROUP 3A

INSECTICIDE

For the control a a range of urban interior and exterior pests, for the control of mosquitoes, biting midges and flies by forming Residual Surface Treatments on a range of urban interior and exterior situations, for protection of structures from subterranean termite damage and for the control of termites, as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: RESTRICTED CHEMICAL PRODUCT ONLY TO BE SUPPLIED TO, OR USED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

ACCENSI Pty Ltd ABN 94 079 875 184

60-76 Potassium Street,

Narangba Qld 4504 Ph: (07) 3897 2000

Contents 20 L

BATCH NO:

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

DATE: 26/09/12



Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide

CONDITIONS OF USE BY AUTHORISED PERSONS

The Pest Control Operator must be licensed under state legislation. The Pest Control Operator must notify site supervisor, if any, and workers who come into contact with uncovered treated soil prior to laying the moisture membrane, to wear appropriate personal protective equipment and to observe re-entry requirements. (For personal protective equipment, refer to "SAFETY DIRECTIONS", and for re entry, refer to "PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIODS". below.)

PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT use as a space spray. DO NOT spray directly on humans, pets or animals. Avoid contact with food, food utensils or preparation surfaces.

Re-Entry Period

Pre-Construction Re-entry: D0 NOT allow entry into uncovered treated areas until the spray has dried. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck, wrist and elbow-length PVC, neoprene or nitrile gloves and chemical resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

Post-Construction and General Pest Control: Allow treated areas to completely dry (normally 3-4 hours) and ventilate buildings before re-occupying. Workers re-entry to treated areas should be restricted until the spray has dried. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck, wrist and elbow-length PVC, neoprene or nitrile gloves and chemical resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

STORAGE, SPILLAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in closed original containers, in a cool, well ventilated area away from children. animals, food and feedstuffs. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. In case of spillage, confine and absorb spilled product with absorbent material such as sand, clay or cat litter. Dispose of waste as indicated below or according to Australian Standard AS 2507 Storage and Handling of Pesticides. DO NOT allow spilled product to enter sewers, drains, creeks or any other waterways. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank, DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt, DO NOT bury waste or surplus product. Dispose of undiluted waste by either dilution and use according to the Directions for Use or returning to the point of purchase in the original container for controlled disposal. Dispose of diluted surplus product by using according to the Directions for Use. DO NOT re-use empty container.

For refillable containers, empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. May irritate eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. For termite control in buildings and structures: When opening container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-ength PVC or nitrile gloves. After each day's use, wash gloves and contaminated clothing. For hand held application: When opening the container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves. When using the prepared spray wear protective waterproof clothing, elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves and water resistant footwear. After each day's use, wash gloves, contaminated clothing. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the material safety data sheet which is available from ACCENSI Pty Ltd upon request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by ACCENSI Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

APVMA Approval No.: 67299/55720

IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY

DIAL 000

POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE



COUNTRY BIFENTHRIN 100 INSECTICIDE 20L BACK LABEL SIZE: 220MM WIDE X 170MM

DATE: 26/09/12 COLOURS: BLACK

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



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IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USE
APVMA Approval No.: 67299/55720

ACCENSI Pty Ltd

ABN 94 079 875 184

60-76 Potassium Street, Narangba Qld 4504 Ph: (07) 3897 2000

CONDITIONS OF USE BY AUTHORISED PERSONS

The Pest Control Operator must be licensed under state legislation. The Pest Control Operator must notify site supervisor, if any, and workers who come into contact with uncovered treated soil prior to laying the moisture membrane, to wear appropriate personal protective equipment and to observe re-entry requirements. (For personal protective equipment, refer to "SAFETY DIRECTIONS", and for re entry, refer to "PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIODS", below.)



PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT use as a space spray. DO NOT spray directly on humans, pets or animals. Avoid contact with food, food utensils or preparation surfaces.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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20L BARCODE

COUNTRY BIFENTHRIN 100 INSECTICIDE 20L LEAFLET FRONT SIZE: 220MM WIDE X 170MM

DATE: 26/09/12 COLOURS: BLACK

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS: DO NOT use this product at less than indicated label rates.

DO NOT apply to soils if excessively wet or immediately after heavy rain to avoid run-off of the chemical.

DO NOT use in cavity walls (except via certified cavity infill reticulation systems or direct treatment of nest).

DO NOT apply to mud, sand, mangrove or aquatic habitat.

DO NOT apply as an Ultra Low Volume (ULV) or via thermal fogging treatment.

DO NOT use in situations where predatory mites are established and providing effective mite control.

DO NOT apply if rainfall is expected before spray deposits dry on leaf surfaces.

PEST	SITUATIONS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Spiders	Internal & External Areas & Surrounds of Domestic, Commercial, Public & Industrial buildings and structures	All States	25-50 mL/10 L	Use the higher rate in situations where pest pressure is high, when rapid knockdown and/or maximum residual protection is desired. For overall band surface spray, apply as a coarse, low pressure spray to areas where spiders hide, frequent and rest. On non-porous surfaces apply as a coarse spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 20 m² ensuring thorough coverage of the treated surfaces. When treating non-porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. On porous surfaces or use through power equipment, spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 10 m² ensuring thorough coverage of the treated surfaces. When treating porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. In an outdoor situations, pay particular attention to protected dark areas such as cracks and crevices, under floors, eaves and other known hiding or resting places. For indoor use, pay particular attention to protected dark areas such as crack and crevices, behind & under sinks, stoves, refrigerators, furniture, pipes, cornices, skirting boards and other known hiding or resting places. Do NoT use as a space spray. For crack and crevice treatment use an appropriate solid stream nozzle. For maximum spider control use a two part treatment. 1. Crack and crevice. 2. Overall band spray of surfaces.
Papernest Wasps	Internal & External Areas & Surrounds of Domestic, Commercial, Public & Industrial buildings and structures	All States	50 mL/ 10 L	Apply prepared emulsion to the papernest ensuring thorough and even coverage. When applying emulsion do not exeed the point of run-off. When all adult wasps have been knocked-down the nest may be safely removed from the structure.
Ants (excluding Red Imported Fire Ants) and Cockroaches	Internal & External Areas & Surrounds of Domestic, Commercial, Public & Industrial buildings and structures	All States	50-100 mL/ 10 L	On non-porous surfaces apply as a coarse spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 20 m². When treating non-porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. On porous surfaces or use through power equipment, spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 10 m². When treating porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. Use the higher rate in situations where pest pressure is high, when rapid knockdown and/or maximum residual protection is desired. The lower rate may be used for follow-up treatments. For indoor use, pay particular attention to protected dark areas such as cracks and crevices, behind and under sinks, stoves, refrigerators, furniture, pipes, cornices, skirting boards & other known hiding or resting places. DO NOT use as a space spray. To control ants apply to trails and nests. Repeat as necessary. To control fleas and ticks apply prepared emulsion to outside surfaces of buildings and surrounds including but not limited to foundations, verandahs, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, pet housing, soil, turf, trunks of woody ornamentals or other areas where pests congregate or have been seen. To control flies and mosquitoes apply prepared emulsion to surfaces where insects rest or harbour. Reapply as necessary. For perimeter treatments apply the prepared emulsion to a band of soil or vegetation two to three meters wide around and adjacent to the structure. Also treat the foundation of the structure to a height of approximately one metre. Use a spray volume of 5 to 10 L per 100 m² Higher volumes of water may be needed if organic matter is present or foliage is dense. When applying to concealed areas (eg such as wall cavities), foaming agents are useful in achieving greater penetration where a thorough application is difficult to achieve.

PEST	SITUATIONS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Mosquitoes, Biting midges, Fleas, Flies, Ticks (Adults & Nymphs)	Internal & External Areas & Surrounds of Domestic, Commercial, Public & Industrial buildings and structures suitable for residual surface treatments	All States	50-100 mL/10 L	To form Residual Surface Treatments, apply prepared emulsion to indoor and outdoor surfaces where insects rest or harbour. Internal harbourage sites include (but are not restricted to) areas such as walls, fly screens, behind and under sinks, under furniture and indoor plants. External harbourage sites include (but are not restricted to) areas such as building exteriors, eaves, walls, fences, also garages, sheds, gazebos, ornamental plants, bushes, shrubs, hedges, shady or damp areas around buildings. Reapply as necessary. When applying to vegetation, ensure that spray penetrates entire plant or hedge and covers both leaf surfaces. For perimeter or harbourage treatments, apply the prepared emulsion to a band of soil or vegetation two to three metres wide around and adjacent to the structure. Also treat the foundation of the structure to a height of approximately one metre. Use a spray volume of 5 to 10 L per 100 m². Higher volumes of water may be needed if orangic matter is present or foliage is dense. On non-porous surfaces apply as a coarse spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 20 m². When treating non-porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. On porous surfaces spray at the rate of 1 L of emulsion per 10 m². When treating porous surfaces do not exceed the point of run-off. Use the higher rate in situations where pest pressure is high, when rapid knockdown and maximum residual protection is desired. The lower rate may be used for follow-up treatments. When applying to concealed areas (eg such as wall cavities), foaming agents are useful in achieving greater penetration where a thorough application is difficult to achieve.
Subterranean Termites	Domestic, Public, Commercial & Industrial areas	All States, except Tas	Refer to Table A	Refer to Table B.

SITUATIONS	All areas SOUTH of the Tropic of Capricorn (except Tas.)		
	Rate	Expected Protection Period	
Pre-Construction Barriers	1 L/100 L	At least 10 years	
Under slabs and under suspended floors with less than 400 mm crawl space	500 mL/100 L	10 years	
Perimeter Barriers	1 L/100 L	At least 10 years	
For new and existing buildings	500 mL/100 L	10 years	
	250 mL/100 L	3 years	
Post-Construction Barriers	1 L/100 L	At least 10 years	
Under slabs and under suspended floors with less than 400 mm crawl space	500 mL/100 L	10 years	
Reticulation systems	1 L/100 L	At least 10 years	
Perimeter and/or service penetration treatment only	500 mL/100 L	10 years	
	250 mL/100 L	3 years	
Reticulation systems Cavity infill & footing barriers	500 mL/100 L	5 years	
Protection of Poles & Fence Posts	500 mL/100 L	10 years	
Nest Eradication	500 mL/100 L	Not applicable	

SITUATIONS	All areas NORTH of the Tropic of Capricorn		
	Rate	Expected Protection Period	
Pre-Construction Barriers	1.5 L/100 L	5 years	
Under slabs and under suspended floors with less than 400 mm crawl space	1 L/100 L (Note 1)	4 years	
	750 mL/100 L (Note 1)	3 years	
	500 mL/100 L (Note 1)	2 years	
Perimeter Barriers For new and existing buildings	1.5 L/100 L	5 years	
of new and existing buildings	1 L/100 L	4 years	
	750 mL/100 L	3 years	
	500 mL/100 L	2 years	
Post-Construction Barriers Under slabs and under suspended floors with less than 400 mm crawl space	1.5 L/100 L	5 years	
,	1 L/100 L	4 years	
	750 mL/100 L	3 years	
	500 mL/100 L	2 years	
Reticulation Systems Perimeter and/or service penetration treatment only	1.5 L/100 L	5 years	
	1 L/100 L	4 years	
	750 mL/100 L	3 years	
	500 mL/100 L	2 years	
Reticulation systems Cavity infill & footing barriers	1 L/100 L	2 years	
Protection of Poles & Fence Posts	1.5 L/100 L	5 years	
	1 L/100 L	4 years	
	750 mL/100 L	3 years	
Nest Eradication	500 mL/100 L	Not applicable	
	1		

Note 1: This rate must be used in conjunction with a certified reticulation system that is capable of distributing the water based Termiticide & Insecticide emulsion according to the product label and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series.

^{*} The need for retreatment is to be determined as a result of at least an annual inspection, or more frequently in high risk areas, by a qualified Pest Control Operator. The actual protection period will depend on the termite hazard, climate, soil conditions and rate of termiticide used.

TABLE B: CRITICAL	COMMENTS for use against SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES
SITUATIONS	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pre-Construction Barriers Under Slabs for protection of new buildings	 Apply with suitable application equipment to form a complete and continuous chemical barrier (both vertical and horizontal) under the slab. The formation of the barrier may require a combination of conventional open wand application and soil trenching and/or rodding applications. Recommended rod spacing should be between 150 and 300 mm, as per soil type. For additional information refer to "CRITICAL APPLICATION DETAILS" on this label and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series. An external perimeter barrier (both horizontal and vertical) is an essential part of termite protection and must be installed at the completion of the building. Refer to "Perimeter Barriers" below for further details.
	• Chemical barriers that have been disturbed by construction, excavation and/or landscaping activities will need to be reapplied to restore continuity of the barrier.
Pre-Construction Barriers Under suspended floors	 For areas beneath suspended floors that have inadequate access (e.g. less than 400 mm clearance), the entire sub-floor area should be treated as a continuous horizontal barrier, which completely abuts an internal vertical barrier around any substructure walls. Ideally, this operation should be done during construction of the building while access is more readily available. For areas beneath suspended floors which have adequate access (e.g. more than 400 mm clearance), install perimeter barriers around each individual pier, stump, service penetration and substructure walls. An external perimeter barrier (both horizontal and vertical) is an essential part of termite protection and must be installed at the completion of the building. Refer to "Perimeter Barriers" in this leaflet, for further details.
Perimeter Barriers For new and existing buildings	 Perimeter barriers (both horizontal and vertical, external and where required, internal or sub-floor) are an essential part of termite protection and must be installed at the completion of the building. Perimeter barriers should be installed around slabs, piers, substructure walls and external penetration points. Apply with suitable application equipment to form a continuous chemical barrier (both vertical and horizontal) around the structure and to a depth reaching to 80 mm below the top of the footings, where appropriate. The formation of the barrier may require a combination of several application techniques, including soil trenching and/or rodding and open wand applications. In some cases the use of wetting agents or foaming agents may be useful in overcoming non-wetting soils or getting a more even application in areas of difficult access of soil subsidence. Chemical barriers that have been disturbed by construction, excavation and/or landscaping activities will need to be reapplied to restore continuity of the barrier.
Post-Construction Barrier Treatments For the protection of existing buildings	 Apply with suitable application equipment to form a continuous chemical barrier (both vertical and horizontal) around and under the structure with particular emphasis on known infestation areas. The formation of the barrier may require a combination of several application techniques, including soil rodding, trenching, open wand applications and sub-slab injections. Chemical barriers beneath concrete slabs and paths will require concrete drilling. Recommended drill hole spacings are between 150 and 300 mm. To enhance soil distribution use a lateral dispersion tip on the injector and up to 10 L of emulsion per linear metre. To ensure formation of a continuous barrier, holes should be drilled no more than 150 mm from walls or expansion joints. For areas beneath suspended floors that have inadequate access (e.g. less than 400 mm clearance), the entire sub-floor area should be treated as a continuous horizontal barrier, which completely abuts an internal vertical barrier around any substructure walls. Otherwise, install perimeter barriers around each individual pier, stump, penetration point and substructure walls. In some cases the use of wetting agents or foaming agents may be useful in overcoming non-wetting soils or getting a more even application in areas of difficult access of soil subsidence. Chemical barriers that have been disturbed by construction, excavation and/or landscaping activities will need to be reapplied to restore continuity of the barrier.
Reticulation Systems Perimeter and/or service penetration treatment only	 COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide must be used through a certified reticulation system to form and replenish perimeter barriers around buildings and service penetrations. The system must be installed according to the manufacturer's specifications and be capable of distributing the termiticide emulsion according to the product label and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series. Perimeter barriers consist of a horizontal barrier abutting a vertical barrier, which must reach down to the top of the footings. Delivery pipes must be placed in such a position to ensure that the requirements for both horizontal and vertical barriers as specified in the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series are met. Special attention must also be afforded to the positioning of the delivery pipes to ensure that the resultant termiticidal barriers are continuous and complete. Apply the prepared termiticide emulsion by pumping through the system according to the manufacturer's specifications. Use a minimum delivery volume of 100 L of emulsion per m³ of soil. This equates to a delivery volume of 5 L of emulsion per linear metre for a vertical barrier 300 mm x 150 mm in dimension. Pre-Construction – For use in conjunction with full soil treatment horizontal barriers only: apply the diluted emulsion through the perimeter reticulation system as specified above. Follow instructions for Pre-Construction horizontal barrier formation.

TABLE B: CRITICAL	COMMENTS for use against SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES – continued
SITUATIONS	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Reticulation Systems Cavity infill & footing barriers	 COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide must be used through a certified reticulation system to form and replenish cavity infill and footing barriers. The system must be installed according to the manufacturer's specifications and be capable of distributing the termiticide emulsion according to the product label and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series. Delivery pipes must be placed in such a position to ensure that the requirements for both horizontal and vertical barriers as specified in the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series are met. Special attention must also be afforded to the positioning of the delivery pipes to ensure that the resultant termiticidal barriers are continuous and complete. Apply the prepared termiticide emulsion by pumping through the system according to the manufacturer's specifications with a delivery volume of 2 L of emulsion per linear meter of delivery pipe. Note: Where this system is to be installed at the pre-construction stage, a full under slab pre-construction barrier, applied by either open wand application or suitably certified reticulation system, is also recommended. The recommended rate of application is 2 L of emulsion per linear metre which equates to 2 L of emulsion per 0.0068 m³ or approximately 7 L of sand. Should the volume of fill in the wall cavity deviate from 7 L (0.17 m x 0.04 m x 1 m = 0.0068 m³) per linear metre of wall cavity, then the amount of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide emulsion applied per linear metre of wall cavity should be adjusted accordingly. As a guide, the target bifenthrin loading of treated sand/soil in a cavity infill situation is 110 mg/kg South of the Tropic of Capricorn and 220 mg/kg North of the Tropic of Capricorn. To facilitate more even distribution of the COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide emulsion in the wall cavity, ensure that the fill is evenly compacted at the time of installation. To further enhance distribution of the sand/soil in the infill
Protection of Service Poles and Fence Posts	 Create a continuous termiticide barrier 450 mm deep and 150 mm wide around the pole or post by soil injection or rodding. For new poles and posts, treat backfill and the bottom of the hole. Use 100 L of emulsion per m³ of soil. Regular inspections should be undertaken to determine when and if retreatment is necessary. If disturbance of the barrier has occurred, retreatment of the area affected will be required. Posts and poles may also be drilled and injected with spray solution. Note: For existing poles and posts, it is impractical to treat the full depth and underneath of such poles and posts and therefore the possibility of future termite attack from below the treated area cannot be ruled out.
Eradication of Termite Nest	 Locate nest and flood with insecticide emulsion. Trees, poles, posts and stumps containing nests may require drilling prior to treatment with termiticide emulsion. The purpose of drilling is to ensure the termiticide emulsion is distributed throughout the entire nest. Drill holes in live trees should be sealed with an appropriate caulking compound after injection. In some cases the use of foaming agents may be useful in achieving greater application in nests where access is difficult.

Note: The termiticide barrier provided by this product has a finite life. This together with the recommendation to undertake annual inspections must be stated on the durable notice required by the BCA, B1.3(j)(ii).

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

CONDITIONS OF USE BY AUTHORISED PERSONS

The Pest Control Operator must be licensed under state legislation.

The Pest Control Operator must notify site supervisor, if any, and workers who come into contact with uncovered treated soil prior to laying the moisture membrane, to wear appropriate personal protective equipment and to observe re-entry requirements. (For personal protective equipment, refer to "SAFETY DIRECTIONS", and for re entry, refer to "PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIODS", below.)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

General Pest Control – COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide is a powerful knockdown and residual pesticide. Ants, cockroaches, biting midges, fleas, flies, mosquitoes, spiders, ticks and wasps are controlled by direct contact with spray and also by residual action as they come into contact with treated surfaces.

Termites – The use of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide will help prevent and control subterranean termite infestations in and around buildings and structures when used in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series, Termite Management. A dilute termiticidal emulsion must be adequately dispersed into the soil to establish a barrier between the building and subterranean termites in the soil. The purpose of a termite barrier is to prevent concealed termite entry into the building.

The biology and behaviour of the termite species involved, should be considered by the Pest Control Operator in determining which control measures are most appropriate to control and prevent termite infestation.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

For insecticide resistance management COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide is a Group 3A insecticide. Some naturally



occurring insect biotypes resistant to COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide and other Group 3A insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide or other Group 3A insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide to control resistant insects. COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, ACCENSI Pty Ltd representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

MIXING

Add the required quantity of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide to water in the spray tank and mix thoroughly. Maintain agitation during both mixing and application. To facilitate even application of the termiticide emulsion over the area to be treated, the addition of a marker dye at label rates is recommended. On hard to wet soils, the penetration of the termiticide emulsion may be improved by the addition of a soil surfactant at label rates.

CRITICAL APPLICATION DETAILS

The application of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide to form both horizontal and vertical chemical barriers must be in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series. For treatment of new and existing buildings, both horizontal and vertical barriers may be required around and under the building. External perimeter barriers and where required, internal perimeter barriers, are an essential part of this treatment. The purpose of a chemical termite soil barrier is to provide a continuous, no gap barrier between the building and the termite colony. It is therefore essential that the Pest Control Operator is familiar with the construction details of the building. For further details, refer to the "Horizontal Barrier Treatments" and Vertical Barrier Treatments in this leaflet and to the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series.

Horizontal Barrier Treatments

Use $5\,L$ of emulsion per m^2 of soil. Apply the termiticide emulsion evenly to the soil surface area to ensure the provision of a continuous barrier with no gaps. To minimise drift, use low pressure, high volume spray equipment delivering large coarse droplets. On impervious soils where the application of $5\,L/m^2$ would cause excessive run-off, the application volume may be reduced provided the concentration of the emulsion is increased by a corresponding amount. The volume of applied concentrate must be constant per square metre, depending on the location and the situation.

DO NOT apply emulsion volumes below 2 L/m².

In situations where the soil surface is very dry and conditions are conducive to rapid drying, the area to be treated should be moistened prior to the termiticide application. It is important to note that when applying a horizontal barrier to the perimeter of a building or structure the chemical barrier is deemed to have a depth of 80 mm. In situations where the emulsion will not readily wet the soil to the required depth, loosen soil to a depth of 80 mm by 150 mm wide and apply 1.5 L of emulsion per lineal metre.

Vertical Barrier Treatments

To install a vertical barrier use a minimum of 100 L of emulsion per m³ of Soil. Vertical barriers must be a minimum of 150 mm wide, extend down to 80 mm below the top of the footing and be complete and continuous. Vertical barriers can be installed by trenching and treating the soil as it is backfilled, by soil rodding or by the use of certified reticulation systems, as described in the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series. The preferred method of installing a vertical barrier treatment is either by trenching and treating the soil as it is backfilled or by delivery via a certified reticulation system. When using the soil rodding method to establish a vertical barrier the distance between rod spacings should be as per the following table. To improve soil penetration, the soil should be loosened to a depth of 150 mm.

Soil Type	Rod spacing (mm)
Heavy clay	150
Clay loams	200
Loams	250
Sands	300

In some cases the use of a wetting agents or foaming agents may be useful in overcoming nonwetting soils or getting a more even application in areas of difficult access or soil subsidence.

Perimeter Barrier Treatments

Perimeter barriers consist of horizontal barriers at least 150 mm wide adjoining a vertical barrier of at least 150 mm in width. A perimeter barrier must completely surround all buildings, pipes, piers and service penetrations. In buildings with suspended floors with greater than 400 mm crawl space, perimeter barriers should be installed to surround piers, stumps and service penetrations and completely abut all substructure walls.

To ensure provision of a continuous barrier use a minimum of 100 L of emulsion per m³ of soil. This equates to a delivery volume of 5 L of emulsion per linear metre for a 300 mm vertical barrier, or 10 L of emulsion per linear metre for a 600 mm vertical barrier. In some cases the use of wetting agents or foaming agents may be useful in overcoming non-wetting soils or getting a more even application in areas of difficult access or soil subsidence.

Termites may gain access behind engaged piers against single brick walls unless the soil is treated on both sides of the wall down to the footing.

Post Construction Under Slab Treatments

For concrete slabs, the emulsion needs to be injected through pre-drilled holes through the slab, at intervals between 150 mm and 300 mm. The following table shows the recommended hole spacing and recommended volume of spray solution required per hole, depending on the soil type.

Soil Type	Hole spacing (mm)	Litres per hole
Heavy clay	150	1.5
Clay loams	200	2
Loams	250	2.5
Sands	300	3

Application equipment used to inject COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide through pre-drilled holes in an interior situation must be in good working order, free of any leaks and the injector must have tip shut off to prevent nozzle dripping. Lateral dispersion tips are recommended. Drill holes must be resealed following injection of the COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide emulsion. The decision and/or need for drilling concrete floor slabs should only be made after a thorough inspection of the building. The degree of termite activity should also be taken into consideration.

Treatment in Conjunction with Physical Barriers

In situations where the termite protection system is to consist of a combination of both physical and chemical barriers, each certified system must be installed according to the relevant and appropriate product specification and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series.

Reticulation Systems

COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide can be used through reticulation systems to form horizontal and vertical barriers under and around structures and all service penetrations. The reticulation system must be <u>certified</u> and be capable of distributing the termiticide emulsion according to the product label and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series.

In situations using reticulation systems to form barriers around the perimeter and/or service penetrations only, a full pre-construction soil applied COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide horizontal barrier is recommended. It is the responsibility of the builder and all relevant subcontractors to ensure that all termite barrier systems are installed in accordance with the relevant product installation directions and the Australian Standard AS 3660 Series.

Service Requirements

Service requirements are to be determined as a result of at least an annual inspection by a licensed Pest Control Operator. More frequent inspections may be required in high risk termite areas.

In determining the need for service, factors such as local termite pressure, breaches of the barrier and termiticide longevity should be considered.

Subterranean termites are on occasions capable of bridging termite barriers and therefore regular inspections, as detailed in the Australian Standard AS 4349.3, will significantly increase the probability of detection of termite activity before any damage or costly repairs are required.

Several factors contribute to longevity of the termite treatment and must be considered when evaluating the need for retreatment. The actual protection period will depend on the termite hazard, climate, soil conditions and rate of termiticide used. Refer to Table A for the expected protection periods provided.

PRECAUTIONS AND RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT use as a space spray. DO NOT spray directly on humans, pets or animals. Avoid contact with food, food utensils or preparation surfaces.

Re-Entry Period

Pre-Construction Re-entry: DO NOT allow entry into uncovered treated areas until the spray has dried. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck, wrist and elbow-length PVC, neoprene or nitrile gloves and chemical resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

Post-Construction and General Pest Control: Allow treated areas to completely dry (normally 3-4 hours) and ventilate buildings before re-occupying. Workers re-entry to treated areas should be restricted until the spray has dried. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck, wrist and elbow-length PVC, neoprene or nitrile gloves and chemical resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEAN AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish and aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers, streams, waterways or drains with product or the used container.

PROTECTION OF PETS AND LIVESTOCK

DO NOT spray directly on humans, pets or animals. Before spraying, remove animals and pets from the areas to be treated. Cover or remove fish ponds, aquariums etc before spraying. Avoid contact with food, utensils or preparation surfaces. Cover or remove any open food and water containers. Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray any plants in flower when bees are foraging. Spray in the night or early morning when bees are not actively foraging.

STORAGE, SPILLAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in closed original containers, in a cool, well ventilated area away from children, animals, food and feedstuffs. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

In case of spillage, confine and absorb spilled product with absorbent material such as sand, clay or cat litter. Dispose of waste as indicated below or according to the Australian Standard AS 2507 Storage and Handling of Pesticides. DO NOT allow spilled product to enter sewers, drains, creeks or any other waterways.

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the "Storage and Disposal" instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. May irritate eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

<u>For termite control in buildings and structures:</u> When opening container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-ength PVC or nitrile gloves. After each day's use, wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

<u>For hand held application:</u> When opening the container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves. When using the prepared spray wear protective waterproof clothing, elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves and water resistant footwear. After each day's use, wash gloves, contaminated clothing. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the material safety data sheet which is available from ACCENSI Pty Ltd upon request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of COUNTRY Bifenthrin 100 SC Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by ACCENSI Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.